

PRODUCTS WITH PROTEX PERMABLOK^{3®}



PROTEX products are protected by PERMABLOK^{3®} - the most effective defense system against germs, stains and abrasion. PERMABLOK^{3®} forms an impenetrable barrier to protect your investment. For optimum care and cleaning, please read the following instructions and recommendations.

PROTEX with PERMABLOK^{3®} coated fabric | PROTEX B1 with PERMABLOK^{3®} coated fabric

TESTED DISINFECTANTS

The information published in this care guide relates to the performance of PROTEX PERMABLOK^{3®} products in specific tests carried out under laboratory conditions. Results may vary under actual conditions.

- Asepticare TB + II
- Antifect (in 0.5 % dilution)
- Caviwipes XL Packed
- Cleanisept Wipes
- Clorox Healthcare Bleach
- Germicidal Wipes
- Coverage Plus
- Germicidal Wipes
- Desomed rapid
- FD 366
- Hydrogen Peroxide Cleaner
- Disinfectant Wipes
- Instrunet Anionsurf
- Lysol Foaming Disinfectant Cleaner
- Microcide
- Oxivir TB Wipes
- Oxycide Diluted -3oz/gl in water
- PDI Sani-cloth bleach wipes
- Sanicloth AF 3
- Sodium Hypochlorite. Disinfectant Bleach cleaner. Dilution: 1:10 mix of bleach and water.
- Surfanios Premium (in 0.25% dilution)
- Surfa'Safe Premium (in 0.25% dilution)
- Super Sani-cloth
- Virex II 256 (1:256 dilution)
- Virox 5 Rtu
- Wet wipe
- Wex Cide 128 (1:128 dilution)

A2S is not sponsored by, endorsed by or affiliated with any of the above mentioned brand owners. Furthermore, the use of third party trademarks by A2S does not constitute an endorsement of these third parties by A2S.

CLEANING AFTER DISINFECTION

After you have used disinfectant and cleaning agents, rinse the area with clean water and then dry it with a clean, lint-free cloth.

PREVENT THE ACCUMULATION OF DIRT AND IMPURITIES

Stains, spilled liquids or soiling should be removed immediately to avoid the possibility of permanent staining. Use a mixture of liquid soap (pH-neutral) and water or our approved cleaning products for coated fabrics to remove stains on the surface of the material. Remove only with a damp white cloth. Paints, strong cleaning agents, detergents, xylene-based solutions, acetone or ketone (MEK [methyl ethyl ketone]) cause immediate damage and contribute to the deterioration of the material. The use of such cleaning agents is at the owner's risk.

The information published in these care instructions refers to the performance of PROTEX fabrics in specific tests carried out under laboratory conditions. Results may vary under actual conditions. This information does not constitute a guarantee and does not release the user from the responsibility for the proper and safe use of the product and all cleaning agents. The use of certain agents can impair the surface appearance and service life of coated fabrics. To promote a long product life, it is recommended that the PROTEX cleaning and care instructions are used regularly. ASS-Einrichtungssysteme GmbH, its representatives and agents accept no responsibility arising from the use of such cleaning agents on the coated fabric. Inclusion in this document does not mean that it is "fit for purpose." Customers should first determine whether the products are suitable for use on their surfaces. ASS-Einrichtungssysteme GmbH cannot be held responsible for non-compliance with proper cleaning or the use of unsuitable cleaning agents that lead to surface damage or color changes. Certain garment and accessory dyes (such as those used in denim jeans) can migrate to lighter colors. This phenomenon is intensified by humidity and temperature and is irreversible. ASS-Einrichtungssysteme GmbH accepts no responsibility for dye transfer caused by external impurities and possible permanent staining caused by this phenomenon.

DAILY CLEANING

1. Clean the entire surface with a mixture of 1:9 liquid soap (pH-neutral) and water. Do not use soap or cleaning solutions containing alcohol, ketones, xylene, acetates or solvents (mineral spirits/white spirits).
2. Remove excess cleaning agent completely with a clean, white, damp cloth.
3. Dry the surface.

CLEANING METHOD FOR REMOVING STUBBORN STAINS

Coffee, juice, red wine, sauces, chocolate, grease, crayons and sunscreen: Remove excess with a damp cloth. Clean with a 1:9 mixture of neutral liquid soap and water. Then rinse with clean water and dry (not recommended for daily cleaning).

Make-up: Use a direct application of neutral PH soap. Wipe with a clean, white cloth or a soft brush. Then rinse with clean water and dry (not recommended for daily cleaning).

Blood, urine, feces and all other stubborn stains: Use a 1:10 mixture of isopropyl alcohol and water. Then rinse with clean water and dry.

To clean, use a soft, white cotton cloth soaked in the recommended cleaning agent and rub the stain 10 times in a circular motion. Dab dry the stain with another soft, white cotton cloth and check the result. Do not use steel bristle brushes, scouring pads or metal, as these will cause permanent damage to the fabric.

After cleaning, rinse the area with clean water and then dry it with a clean, lint-free cloth. If the chemical residues are not removed, this leads to discoloration of the coated fabric surface, which manifests itself earlier in the life cycle of the product.